Financial diclosures: Dr. Pau Montesinos

No financial disclosures

A Personalized Medicine ex vivo test to predict clinical response to first line induction therapy with idarubicin and cytarabine in patients with acute myeloid leukemia

Pau Montesinos, Federico Moscardó, et al.

On behalf of the PETHEMA group

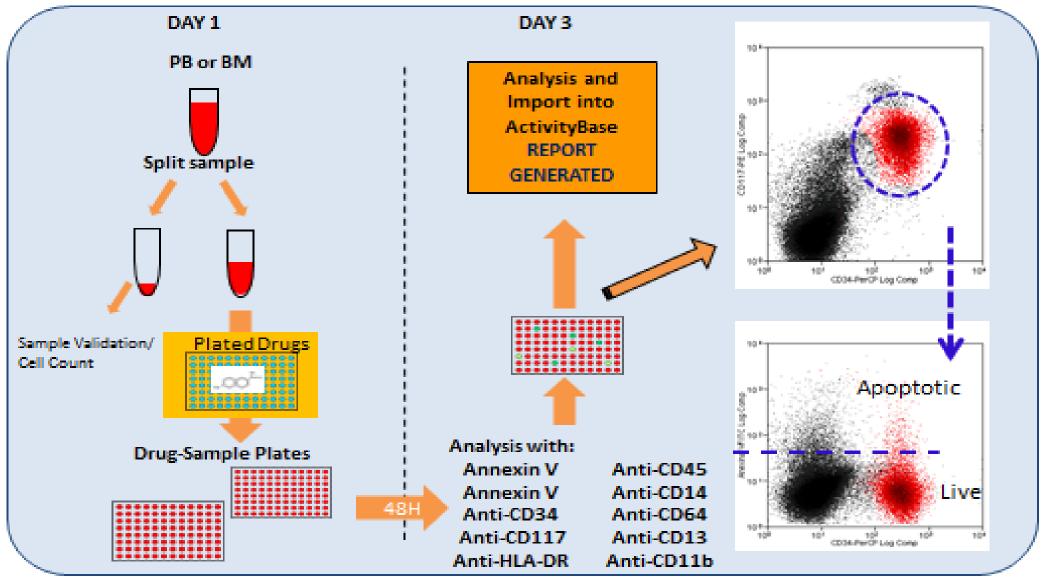
Background & objectives

- Complete remission (CR) after induction is the first treatment goal in AML patients
- Response to chemotherapy is the main prognostic factor
- There is no test accurately predicting the response to specific drug schedules
- The aim is to determine the ability of an ex-vivo drug sensitivity test to predict the clinical response to Ida+Ara-C (3+7) induction

Study design

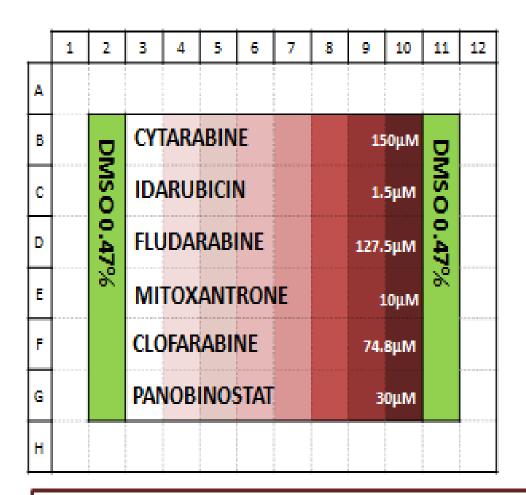
- Non-interventional and prospective study
- Samples from adult patients diagnosed with de novo AML in centres from the PETHEMA group
- CR/CRi were classified as responders (vs. PR/resistance)
- Induction death → non-evaluable
- 91 patient samples to calculate the dose response curves for Ara-C alone, Ida alone, and Ara-C plus Ida
- For clinical correlation, 37 patients (median age 53 years)

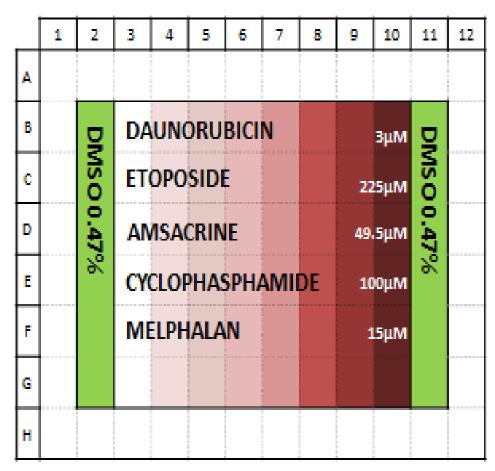
Screening Setup and Workflow



 Phenotypic analysis by flow cytometry to identify AML blast population and viability using Annexin V-FITC.

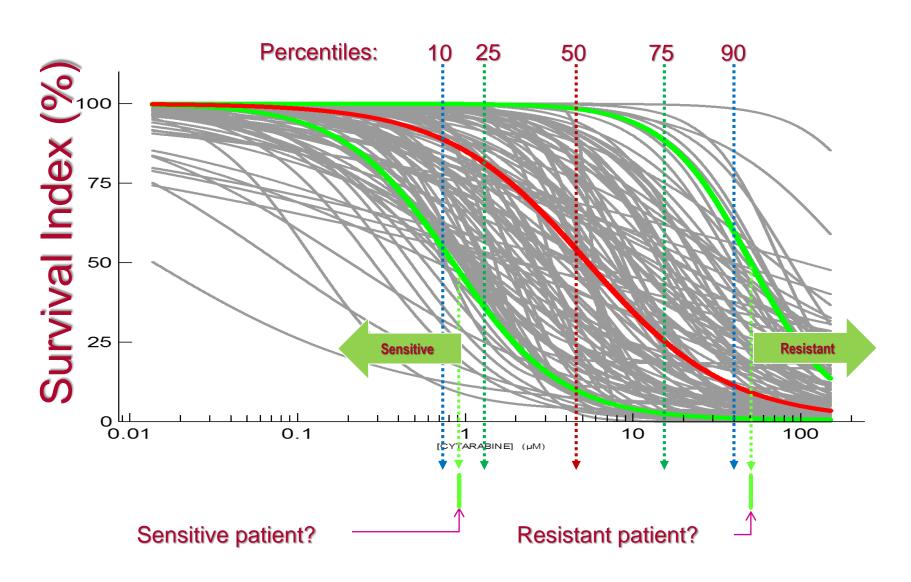
PLATE SETUP

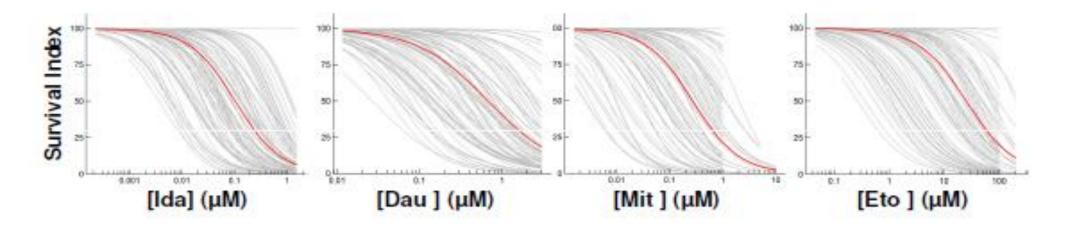




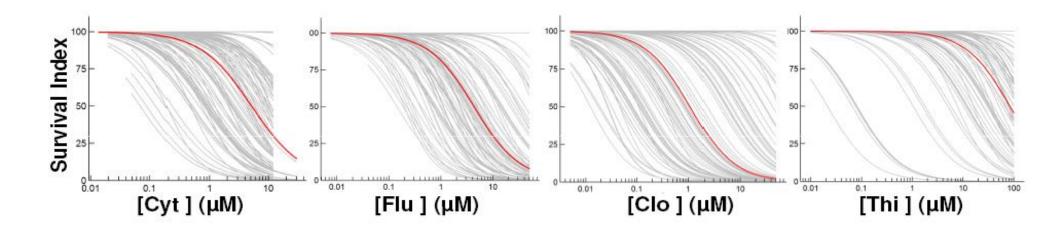
Eight different concentrations of each drug or drug combination is run for the used treatment protocols. The max concentration used is listed

Conversion dose-response analysis to a pharmacologic profile of potential ex-vivo response to each drug





Anthracyclins + Eto

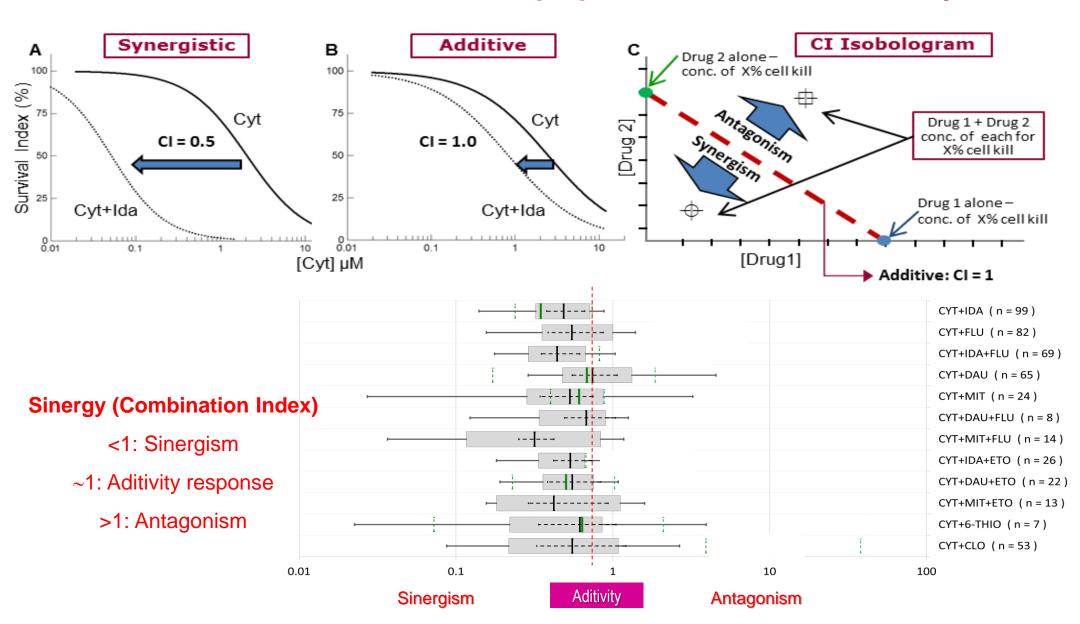


Nucleosides

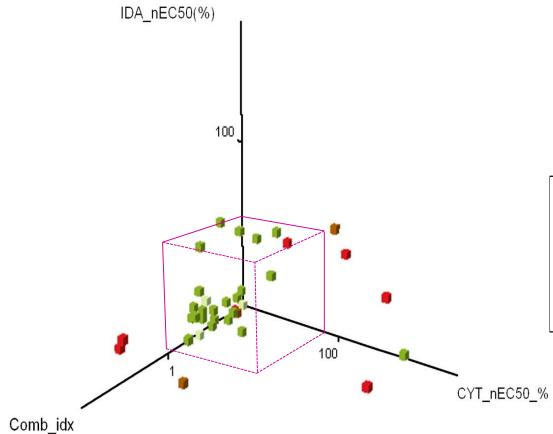
Median drug concentrations to kill 50% of blasts ex-vivo

55116		Median
DRUG	N	EC50 (μM)
IDARUBICIN	91	0.08
MITOXANTRONE	82	0.24
DAUNORUBICIN	82	0.53
CYTARABINE	91	4.95
FLUDARABINE	92	3.37
CLOFARABINE	93	0.84
6-THIOGUANINE	79	79.32
ETOPOSIDE	83	14.66
PANOBINOSTAT	71	0.04
5-AZACYTIDINE	95	6.70
DECITABINE	83	512.78

Synergism Key Clinical Predictor Combination Index (CI) from Chou & Talalay



Correlation results CYT-IDA 92% correct prediction



		Clinical outcome		
		RESISTANT SENSITIVE		
Exvivo response	RESISTANT	8 21.6%	1 2.7%	
Exvivo ro	SENSITIVE	2 5.4%	26 70.3%	
		Sensitivity %	Specificity %	

Positive predictive
value %
value /0
88.89
Negative predictive
value %

_		

Subtotal

9 24.3%

Sensitivity %	Specificity %	
80.00	96.30	

Prediction rate %
91.89

37	
100.0%	

Subtotal	10	27
Sub	27.0%	73.0%

Criteria for resistance	Criter	ia for	resista	nce.
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CIT_EC50 > 80% **or**

 $IDA_EC50 > 70\%$ or

CI > 1

- Sensitive patients towards zero axis (green)
- Resistant patients far out zero axis (red-yellow)

Logistic regression model using pharmacological variables

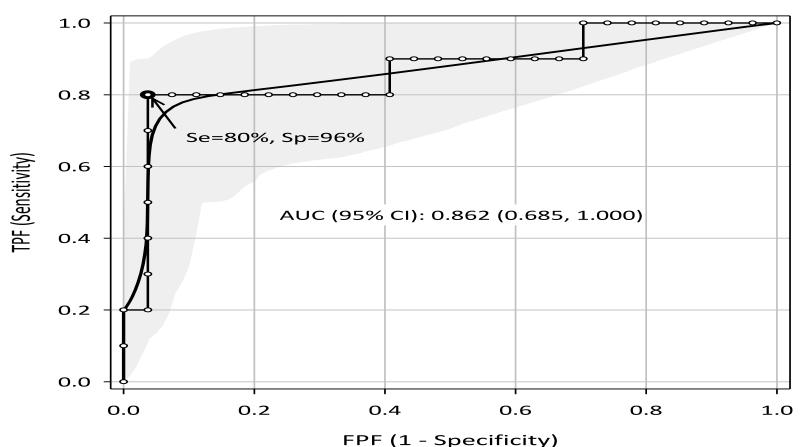
Run	Model	-2LL	Δ-2LL	р
1	No covariates (base model)	70.782	-	-
2	~ CI_ _{80th}	70.388	-0.394	>0.05
3	~ CI_Average	67.068	-3.714	>0.05
4	~ IC _{50_Idarabine}	70.478	-0.304	>0.05
5	~ IC _{50_cytarabine}	65.724	-5.058	<0.05
6	~ Baseline (E ₀)	68.424	-2.358	>0.05
7	~ IC _{50_cytarabine +} CI_ _{Average}	61.482	-4.242	<0.05
8	~ IC _{50_cytarabine} + Cl_ _{Average} + IC _{50_Idarabine}	61.476	-0.006	>0.05
9	$^{\sim}$ IC _{50_cytarabine} $^{\theta}$ + Cl_Average	54.630	-6.852	<0.01
10	~ IC _{50_cytarabine +} CI_Average θ	54.644	-6.838	<0.01

Selected prognostic variable

0.053 x IC_{50_cytarabine} + 0.00725 x CI_Average

Logistical regression model: smooth ROC curve showing good prediction rate

95% confidence bands (bootstrap for TPF)
Optimal cutpoint (Youden's index: 1.555)
Kernel smooth estimation
Empirical estimation



Conclusions

- This novel personalized medicine test may be able to predict the clinical response to Ida+Ara-C
- Validation cohort is ongoing
- The test will be applied to other induction regimens frequently used by other European study groups
- Clinical trials demonstrating clinical benefits by using a personalized medicine test-adapted therapy are needed

Thanks for your attention